Summary of the doctoral dissertation

Outstanding rulers of the Piast dynasty in curricula and history textbooks

in the Second Polish Republic

The purpose of the disertation is to present the educational patterns disseminated in

history books of the Second Polish Republic on the example of prominent rulers of the Piast

dynasty: Mieszko, Bolesław Chrobry, Bolesław Śmiały, Bolesław Krzywousty, Władysław

Łokietek and Kazimierz Wielki. To achieve this goal, the curricula from 1918 to 1939 were

analyzed, as well as over 80 books used in history education from the end of the 19th century

to 1939.

The dissertation is chronological and problematic. The first chapter deals with the

images of the Piast kings in studies on the history of Poland at the turn of the 19th and 20th

centuries. The images of rulers contained in them constituted a point of reference for later

ones. In the secondo chapter, entitled The teaching programs and history books in the Second

Polish Republic, two periods have been distinguished: the years 1918-1931 and 1932-1939,

with three parts in each. The first one discusses program reforms, ideals and educational

goals. The second part presents the image of Piast rulers in programs for primary and

secondary schools. The third part describes the history books used. From chapters three to

eight, didactic "portraits" of Mieszko, Bolesław Chrobry, Bolesław Śmiały, Bolesław

Krzywousty, Władysław Łokietek and Kazimierz Wielki from 1918-1939 have been

presented.

The conducted analysis and final conclusions expand the current state of research on

the history of historical school education in the Second Polish Republic.

Keywords: Second Republic of Poland, history books, Piasts

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